Morbidity and Mortality



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Prepared by the

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

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ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30333

PROVISIONAL INFORMATION ON SELECTED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES IN THE UNITED DEATHS IN SELECTED CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED JANUARY 18, 19

FEB 1964

POLIOMYELITIS - No cases of poliomyelitis were reported for the week ended January 18. For the first 3 weeks of 1964, only 1 case (non-paralytic) of poliomyelitis has been reported in the United States.

The highest cumulative total of paralytic cases reported for the first 3 weeks during the past 10 years was 197 in 1956. The previous lowest cumulative total was 7, reported one year ago.

YEAR	CASES								
	PARALYTIC	POTAL							
1954	185	496							
1955	191	398							
1956	197	355							
1957	75	132							
1958	38	70							
1959	34	53 72 33							
1960	55	72							
1961	18	33							
1962	15	27							
1963	7	8							
1964	0	1							

Table 1. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

	3rd We	ek Ended		Cumu1a	Weeks	
Disease			Median			Median
	1964	1963	1959 - 1963	1964	1963	1959 - 1963
Aseptic meningitis	41	32		88	79	
Brucellosis	3 .	6	8	9	12	23
Diphtheria		2	16	11	14	59
Encephalitis, primary infectious	9	7-14		48	7-39	
Encephalitis, post-infectious	15	7.4		38] 37	
Hepatitis, infectious including						
serum hepatitis	867	1,183	1,183	2,315	2,967	2,967
Measles	5,601	8,615	8,150	13,932	21,112	22,102
Meningococcal infections	55	59	59	143	157	160
Poliomyelitis, Total	-	1	10	1	8	33
Paralytic	- 1	1	8	-	7	18
Nonparalytic	-	-		1	1	
Unspecified	-	-		-	-	
Streptococcal Sore Throat and						
Scarlet fever	8,077	9,828		23,429	23,546	
Tetanus	6	2		14	13	
Tularemia	13	2		30	15	
Typhoid fever	7	5	8	16	12	19
Rabies in Animals	41	55	58	159	161	171

Table 2. NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax:		Psittacosis: Wis 1	1
Botulism:	-	Rabies in Man:	1 - 1
Leptospirosis: Va 1	1	Smallpox:	- 1
Malaria: N. Y. City - 1	5	Typhus-	1 1
Plague:	-	Murine:	- 1
		Rky Mt. Spotted: N. C 2, Ga 1	3

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL REPORTS

Malaria - Pennsylvania

A case of quartan malaria in a 56-year-old woman, resident of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, has been reported. Despite intensive investigation, no information suggesting a possible means of acquisition could be uncovered.

In July 1963, the patient first experienced chills which occurred every fourth day. A urinary tract infection was discovered at that time; her symptoms were initially ascribed to this disorder. Despite antibiotic therapy, the symptoms persisted and, in late October, she entered a Pittsburgh hospital. On physical examination, she was found to have a spleen enlarged 2 finger breadths below the costal margin.

In November, a laboratory technician noted malaria parasites on a routine CBC. The slide was read as positive for Plasmodium malariae at the hospital and confirmed at CDC. The patient was given chloroquine; later, primaquine was substituted. She has remained afebrile and asymptomatic since the institution of the above therapy.

The patient was born in Czechoslovakia and immigrated to the United States at the age of 1½. Since then, she has never left the United States. She has never been known to have had malaria at any earlier time during her life. She has traveled throughout the northeast United States on trace occasions, but no more recently than 10 years ago. During the past decade, she denies ever having been outside Allegheny County and denies ever having been in the southern United States. Furthermore, she denies a history of drug addiction; she has never received any blood transfusions. A check of 33 regional hospitals and blood banks confirm a negative blood transfusion history. Similarly, a check with local, State, and Federal law enforcement agencies revealed no suspicion of narcotics usage.

During the past 3 years, there have been 4 cases of malaria in residents of Allegheny County. All of these victims have been military personnel, who acquired the disease while abroad. None have been known to have experienced P. malariae.

(Reported by Edwin Brown, M.D., Chief, Division of Disease Control, and Herbert R. Domke, M.D., Health Officer, Allegbeny County Health Department; and, Dr. W. D. Schrack, Jr., Director, Division of Communicable Disease Control, Pennsylvania State Department of Health.)

Staphylacaccal Food Paisaning - California

About 100 individuals became ill with gastroenteritis attributed to staphylococcal enterotoxin following a dinner in a restaurant in a Los Angeles department store. An estimate of 447 individuals attended the dinner; 21 were hospitalized. No fatalities were recorded.

The symptoms experienced included nausea, vomiting, stomach cramps and diarrhea. The incubation periods ranged from 1½ to 7 hours, with an average of 3 hours. The average duration of illness was 12 hours.

Interviews were conducted with 62 of those who ate at the special company dinner. All 62 ate ham, and 50 of these experienced gastroenteritis. The remaining victims were discovered on a telephone survey of the department store employees the following day.

In addition, one of the food handlers took home portions of the ham served at the meal. This ham was then served to 9 friends, all of whom became ill with gastroenteritis.

Samples of the food served at the meal were obtained for laboratory analysis. Cultures of the sliced ham and peas revealed coagulase positive staphylococci.

The canned hams used for the dinner were opened two days previously, brushed with a topping of mustard, brown sugar, and tomato sauce before being placed in a walk-in refrigerator. The day prior to the meal, 10 hams were removed from the refrigerator and cooked in a 2500 oven for 4 hours, then cooled for 6 hours, and rerefrigerated. Later that day, 15 hams were removed from the refrigerator, cooked in the 250° oven for 4 hours, and then kept at room temperature overnight. On the morning of the dinner, the hams were sliced by a machine was dirty with accumulated old food particles, and was disassembled for cleaning but once a week. For 3 hours prior to the meal, the hams were warmed in an oven before serving.

Nasal, nail and stool cultures of the two food handlers were positive for coagulase positive staphylococci. One of these handlers also had a positive throat culture. No phage typing was done.

(Reported by Frank Listick, Public Health Sanitarian, Los Angeles City Health Department, and Dr. Philip K. Condit, Chief, Bureau of Communicable Diseases, California State Department of Health.)

Tularemia - Maryland

Three cases of tularemia were reported from Maryland during December. Two cases were serologically confirmed; the third was bacteriologically proved. All 3 victims are believed to have acquired the disease from skinning rabbits on separate hunting ventures.

Case #1 was a 69-year-old, white male, who saw an apparently healthy rabbit in his backyard on October 30. He shot and skinned it. On November 4, he experienced a fever of 101-1020, generalized malaise, nausea, but no vomiting. He developed a lesion on his right index finger. These symptoms continued, and he was admitted to a hospital in rural Eastern Maryland on November 16. Because he had shot the rabbit before the opening of the hunting season, he was reluctant to volunteer this information to his physician. The doctor, however, suspected tularemia, because of the 2 cm. lesion on the patient's finger and an enlarged lymph node in his axilla. After obtaining a culture, he began streptomycin therapy. The patient's temperature rose to 1040, but then returned to normal within 3 days. The patient recovered. The culture revealed Pasteurella tularensis. No serology was done.

Cose #2 was a 55-year-old, white male, who hunted rabbit and quail November 15 and 16 along the Delaware-Maryland border. With his bare hands, he skinned the several rabbits which he had shot. This was his only exposure to rabbits or other wild animals.

On November 25, he developed a fever to 102°, although he had a generalized malaise, he went to work but left early because of the above symptoms. A few days later, pustular abscesses developed on his left hand at the site of abrasions which he had suffered traumatically in his home prior to his hunting trip. He developed a mild, non-productive cough. He was admitted to a Baltimore hospital on December 2, at which time he had a temper-

ature of 104°. Localized abscesses, lymphangitis, and tender, enlarged left axillary lymph nodes were noted. A chest X-ray was negative.

Improvement followed the administration of broad spectrum antibotics. Because of a history of rabbit exposure, blood was drawn for tularemia agglutination titers. Two specimens, on December 10 and December 16, were reported as 1/1280 by the State Laboratory. The patient recovered unventfully.

Cose #3 was a 59-year-old, white male, who skinned 8 rabbits over a 2-week period, from November 16 to 30, after hunting in wooded patches in suburban Baltimore.

On December 3, he felt feverish, weak, and had a headache. Because of the persistence of these symptoms and disorientation, he was admitted to another Baltimore hospital on December 6. His temperature was 1029. On physical examination, a pustule was noted on the distal phalanx of his tight index finger. No lymphangitis was present. A large tender node was present in the right axilla. His white blood count was 12,200. A chest X-ray was negative. Treatment with a broad spectrum antibiotic was begun.

The following day his temperature was 103.2° but defervesced in succeeding days. On December 9, his WBC was 5,400. He was discharged December 14. His agglutination titers for P. tularensis were: December 9, 1/40; December 10, 1/80; December 18, 1/1280.

In neither case 2 nor case 3 were cultures obtained prior to antibiotic therapy.

The only other case of tularemia in Maryland in 1963

was the result of an accidental laboratory infection. (Reported by Dr. John H. Janney, Acting Chief, Division, of Epidemiology, State Department of Health, Baltimore, Maryland.)

INFANT DEATHS IN 108 CITIES

The weekly average number of infant deaths in 108 cities for the four-week period ending January 18 was 758 as compared with an expected 766 weekly average.

TOTAL DEATHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE

		Week E	Ending			
	12/28	1/4	1/11	1/18	4 Week Tatal	Weekly Average
Observed	627	730	885	790	3,032	758
Expected		767	765	763	3,063	766
Excess	-141	- 37	120	27	-31	-8

DEATHS UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE IN 108 U.S. CITIES



Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JANUARY 18, 1964 AND JANUARY 19, 1963 (3rd WEEK)

	Asep	tic	Encep	halitis								
	Menin	ngitis	Primary	Post-Inf.	Pol	iomyelitis	, Total C	ases	Pol	liomyeliti	s, Paraly	rtic
Area		Ĭ	,					lative		, , , , , ,		lative
	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1963
UNITED STATES	41	32	1964	1904	1904	1903	1964	1903	1904	1903	1964	7
UNITED STATES	41	32	,	13	_			"	-		-	_ ′
NEW ENGLAND	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- '	-	-	-
New Hampshire			1 :	-			1 -	1 -				-
Vermont Massachusetts				1			1 -	1 [1 :	1 1		
Rhode Island	_	-	_	1	-	-	-	-		-	_	_
Connecticut	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			١.,				1		1			
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	3	4	6 2	1	-				1 :			
New York City New York, Up-State.	1	1			_							
New Jersey	1	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Pennsylvania	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
		1 .		١.		١,		١,		,		
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	7	3		4	1 :	1	:	4 2	1	1		3
Ohio	1	-	-	-	-		-	-		1	-	
Illinois	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Michigan	4	3	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	- '	- 1	-
Wisconsin	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	1	1	_	2	_	_			_	_		
Minnesota		- 1		1		-		-			-	-
Iowa	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Missouri	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
North Dakota	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South Dakota	-	1 1	1	1					_			
Nebraska				1			1 :	[
Kansas					11							
SOUTH ATLANTIC	9	2	1	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Delaware	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Dist. of Columbia Virginia		1	-	1		-	1 1	-				1
West Virginia		1		1						-		
North Carolina	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
South Carolina	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Georgia		-	-	1		1 1		1 :	-		-	-
Florida	8		-		-		-	-	- 1	-	-	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	4	6	2	_	_				_ [
Kentucky	4	4	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	- 1	-	-	-
Tennessee	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alabama	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mississippi	-	2	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	2	_	1			_	2	_	_	_ 1	2
Arkansas	_	-	_	î		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-/	- 1	-	2	-	-		2
Oklahoma	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		- 1	-
Texas	2	2	-	-		-	-	-	-			-
MOUNTAIN	4	6		_								_
Montana	-	1		-			-	_	-			
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Colorado	4	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-
New Mexico Arizona		1	-				-	-		1		
Utah	1		_					-	-			
Nevada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
PACIFIC	10	8	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
Washington Oregon		1		1	Ţ.							
California	7	8	-	1		1		2	-	-		2
Alaska	-		-		-	-				-	-	
Hawaii	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Puerto Rico	-	-			V	_	_		-			
ruer co Rico	-		-	-	-		-			-	-	

Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JANUARY 18, 1964 AND JANUARY 19, 1963 (3rd WEEK) - Continued

											-		
	Bruce	llosis	Dipht	heria				s Hepatit: rum Hepat:			Typhoid Feve		
Area		Cum.		Cum.	Total	Under	20 years and over	Age	Cumu 1			Cum.	
	1964	1964	1964								1000	1964	
				1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964		
UNITED STATES	3	9	2	11	867	469	348	50	2,315	2,967	7	16	
NEW ENGLAND	-	-	-	1	116	59	53	4	330	417	-	-	
Maine	-	-	-	-	44	21	23	-	128	188	-	-	
New Hampshire Vermont]	-	1 1	12 18	8 10	3 7	1	44 44	37 10	-		
Massachusetts	-	-	-	1	10	5	5	1	48	130	_	_	
Rhode Island	-			-	10	. 5	5	-	15	15	-	-	
Connecticut	-	-	-	-	22	10	10	2	51	37	-	-	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	-	-	-	3	153	83	69	1	520	590	-	2	
New York City New York, Up-State.	-		-	1	20 85	7 56	13 29	-	78 263	67 246	_	1	
New Jersey		_	_	2	15	6	9	_	55	76	-	1	
Pennsylvania	-	-	-		33	14	18	1	124	201	-	1	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	_			-	130	75	51	4	297	401	1	2	
Ohio	-	-	-	-1	17	9	7	1	101	109	1 1	1	
Indiana	-	-	-	-	. 5	3	2	-	13	27	-	-	
Illinois Michigan	-	1 :	-	-	22 84	14 48	6 36	2	30 139	40 201	1	1	
Wisconsin	-	-	-		2	1	-	1	14	24] -	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	2			, ,			.,		1/4	105			
Minnesota	_	6		4	50 2	33	11 2	6	146 5	135 31	_		
Iowa	2	3	-	-	9	5	4	-	25	16	-	-	
Missouri North Dakota	-	3	-	-	16	12	3	1	31	47	-	-	
South Dakota	-	1 1	-		4	2	- 2	1	1 12	3	_		
Nebraska	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	_	7	12	-	_	
Kansas	-	-	-	4	19	14	-	5	65	20	-	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC			_	1	92	48	43	1	197	378	2	6	
Delaware	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	1	2	4	_	_	
Maryland Dist. of Columbia	-	-	-	-	10	7	3	-	28	35	-	-	
Virginia	-	_		_	10	1	9		2 22	13 106			
West Virginia	-		-	-	21	17	4	-	23	65	-	-	
North Carolina South Carolina	-	-		-	25	15	10	-	43	107	2	4	
Georgia	-	_]	1	:	1	-	4 5	17		1	
Florida	-	-		1	23	8	14	1	68	26	-	1	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	_	_	1	1	64	42	22		160	333	2	3	
Kentucky		_	1 1		28	23	5		68	112	1	1	
Tennessee	-	-	1	1	24	11	13	-	56	135	1	2	
Alabama	_	_	1		7 5	5 3	2 2		26 10	52 34	_		
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL Arkansas	-	1	1	1	58	38	20	-	133	181		-	
Louisiana	-	1 -	1	1	7 11	5	3 6	1	17 17	27 17	-	1	
Oklahoma	-	-	-	-	5	2	3	-	7	13	-	-	
Texas	-	-	-	-	35	27	8	-	92	124	-	-	
MOUNTAIN	_	1	_	-	69	26	10	33	161	215	-	-	
Montana	-	- 1	-	-	6	2	-	4	17	40	-	-	
Idaho Wyoming]		_	8	2	1	8	14	38	_ [1	
Colorado	_	-		_	11	3	2	6	30	43	-		
New Mexico Arizona	-	-	-	-	28	17	4	7	39	23	-	-	
Utah	-	1	-	Ξ.	6 5	2	3	6	29 25	46 20			
Nevada	-	-	_	-	2	-	-	2	4	3	-	-	
PACIFIC	1	1			105		-	1	371	317			
Washington	1	1		_	135 16	65 11	69	1	371 47	317	· 2	3	
Oregon	-	-	-	-	20	10	10	-	38	63	-	-	
California Alaska	1	1	-		95 1	42	53	-	264 14	207	2	3	
Hawaii			-		3	2	1		8	6 4	-	-	
Puerto Rico													
ruerto kico			1	1	3	2	1	-	3	7			

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Table 3. CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

JANUARY 18, 1964 AND JANUARY 19, 1963 (3rd WEEK) Continued

	V 1	Meningococcal Measles Meningitis		Sore Th	Streptococcal Sore Throat and Scarlet Fever Tetanus					Rabies in Animals		
Area	Measles	М			Scarle	t Fever	Tet		Tula	remia	Anir	
			Cumul	7				Cum.		Cum.		Cum.
	1964	1964	1964	1963	1964	1963	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964	1964
UNITED STATES	5,601	55	143	157	8,077	9,828	6	14	13	30	41	159
NEW ENGLAND	353	-	5	14	837	740	-	-	-	-	-	1
Maine New Hampshire	44			2	202 10	81			-	-	-	
Vermont	100		-	1	4	7				-		1
Massachusetts	65	-	1	4	95	120		-	-	-	-	
Rhode Island	22	-	-	3	74	89	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	122	-	4	4	452	435	-	-	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	935	7	22	15	377	526	-			_	1	5
New York City	455	3	5	3	34	42	-	-	-	-		1
New York, Up-State.	285	3	9	3	212	258	-	-	-	-	1	4
New Jersey Pennsylvania	195	1	2	9	69	129	:	-	-	-	-	-
rennsylvania	195	-	6	9	62	97	_	-	-	-	-	1
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1,229	12	16	24	703	2,202	1	3	2	3	1	13
Ohio	174	4	6	7	77	117	-	1	1	1	1	8
Indiana	234 459	- 2	2	4 2	64	179	1				-	1
Michigan	228	5	5	6	110 298	1,411	1	1	1	1		2 2
Wisconsin	134	1	1	5	154	216	-	_	-	1	1 -	-
)		
WEST NORTH CENTRAL Minnesota	157 2	2	5 2	7	268 31	202 16	1 -	-	1	8	11	52
Iowa	59	-	_	1	90	96	1 :		1	1	4	9 16
Missouri	14	2	2	2	6	3	-	-	-	5	2	12
North Dakota	82	-	1	1	114	72	-	-	-	-	3	6
South Dakota	-	-	-	1	13	1		-	-	-	1	8
Nebraska Kansas	NN	-	1 1	2	14	14	-	-	1	3	1 :	1
	1414		_	_	14	14	_	-	1	3	-	-
SOUTH ATLANTIC	668	20	42	36	736	859	3	6	2	4	7	26
Delaware Maryland	9 84		-	-	5	4	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dist. of Columbia	84	1 -	3	4	24	22	1	1 :	-	- :	-	1 1
Virginia	49	3	4	8	173	310	_			2	6	20
West Virginia	190	1	4	5	212	264	-	-	-		_	-
North Carolina South Carolina	17	3	6	6	37	61	1.	3	-	-	-	1
Georgia	200 45	5	7 6	2	54	98	2	2	- 2	-		
Florida	74	7	12	10	5 226	94	1	1	2	2	1	1 4
												7
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL Kentucky	935	1	12	11	1,469	1,338	1	2	2	7	11	35
Tennessee	565 297	1	6	6	222 1,181	163 1,119	1	1	1	1 5	1 9	7
Alabama	64		2	1	10	1,119		1	1	1	1	26 2
Mississippi	9	-		1	56	41	-	-	-	Î,	1	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL												
Arkansas	16	3	9	19	891	871	1	1	5	7	4	20
Louisiana	1	3	6	3	7	8	1	1		1		6
Oklahoma	11	-	2	5	64	26	-	_	4	6	1	3
Texas	-	-	-	9	812	837	-	-	-	-	3	11
MOUNTAIN	209	2	11	6	1,479	1,852	_ :	_	1	1	4	4
Montana	48	-		_	43	138	1				-	-
Idaho	25	-	1	-	124	208	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wyoming Colorado		1	1	-	20	88	-	-	1	1	-	-
New Mexico	17 36	1	3 5	2	407 475	574 493	-	-	-	-	7	1
Arizona	57	1	-	1	206	101	1			-	1 3	3
Utah	7	1	1	3	203	249	-	-	- 1	-		-
Nevada	19	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	- :	-
PACIFIC	1,099	6	21	25	1,317	1,238		2			2	3
Washington	512	1	2	2	262	410	-				-	-
Oregon	120		- ,	2	23	14	-	-	-	-	-	-
Alaska	401 55	4	18	18	922	787	-	2	-	-	2	3
Hawaii	11	1	1	3	72 38	11 16				_	- :	-
				-								
Puerto Rico	108	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 4 (C). TOTAL DEATHS UNDER 1 YEAR OF AGE IN REPORTING CITIES

(Tables 4(A), 4(B), 4(C), and 4(D) will be published in sequence covering a four-week period.)

Area		For week	s ending			For weeks ending				
Area	12/28/63	1/4/64	1/11/64	1/18/64	Area	12/28/63	1/4/64	1/11/64	1/18/64	
NEW ENGLAND:				1	SOUTH ATLANTIC:					
Boston, Mass	13	17	15	17	Atlanta, Ga	4	7	22	5	
Bridgeport, Conn	1	5	1	1	Baltimore, Md	17	12	19	22	
Cambridge, Mass	1	-	1	-	Charlotte, N.C	3	3	3	8	
Fall River, Mass	1	1	1	1	Jacksonville, Fla	4	6	2		
Hartford, Conn	3 2	5 1	7 2	6	Miami, Fla	5 3	6	2	3	
Lowell, Mass	2	1	1	:	Norfolk, Va	7	5 9	8 5	6	
Lynn, Mass New Bedford, Mass		î	1	1 [Savannah, Ga	4	4	8	3 9	
New Haven, Conn	4	12	3	4	St. Petersburg, Fla		5		2	
Providence, R.I	5	8	1	5	Tampa, Fla	7	6	3	3	
Somerville, Mass	1	-	-	2	Washington, D.C	10	12	16	23	
Springfield, Mass	5	6	2	1	Wilmington, Del	2	4	5	3	
Waterbury, Conn	2	1	1	1						
Worcester, Mass	5	1	3	1	EAST SOUTH CENTRAL:					
					Birmingham, Ala	2	12	10	20	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC: Albany, N.Y	4	3	2		Chattanooga, Tenn Knoxville, Tenn	2	4	6	3 4	
Allentown, Pa	2	li	5	1	Louisville, Ky	5	8	13	8	
Buffalo, N.Y	5	10	13	12	Memphis, Tenn	2	7	11	15	
Camden, N.J	8	2	5	6	Mobile, Ala	2	12	4	3	
Elizabeth, N.J	3	3	1	3	Montgomery, Ala	3	3	3	3	
Erie, Pa	1	1	4	-	Nashville, Tenn	4	6	9	16	
Jersey City, N.J	3	3	3 ,	5						
Newark, N.J	22	4	21	5	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:				_	
New York City, N.Y	72 4	86	100	96 2	Austin, Tex	4	3 4	6	3	
Paterson, N.J Philadelphia, Pa	26	21	36	12	Baton Rouge, La	3	1 1	7	5	
Pittsburgh, Pa	7	10	10	4	Corpus Christi, Tex Dallas, Tex	6	111	12	13	
Reading, Pa	i	2	2	3	El Paso, Tex	5	4	6	12	
Rochester, N.Y	5	8	8	3	Fort Worth, Tex	7	5	4	4	
Schenectady, N.Y	-	-	1	2	Houston, Tex	11	11	20	16*	
Scranton, Pa	1	1		1	Little Rock, Ark	6	3	16	5	
Syracuse, N.Y	4	1	3	3	New Orleans, La	10	18	17	11	
Trenton, N.J	7	2	1 6	2 4	Oklahoma City, Okla	10	5	6	13	
Utica, N.Y Yonkers, N.Y	1 1	1	2	2	San Antonio, Tex Shreveport, La	15 2	12	19 6	12 9	
loukels, Milioni	-		-		Tulsa, Okla	6	1	5	2	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL:					large, oxiditititititi			,	4	
Akron, Ohio	8	5	6	4	MOUNTAIN:					
Canton, Ohio	4	1	4	5	Albuquerque, N. Mex	-	13	3	3	
Chicago, Ill	54	44	68	43	Colorado Springs, Colo	-	-	2	1	
Cincinnati, Ohio	9	10	5	17 12	Denver, Colo	2	18	6	10	
Cleveland, Ohio	6	13	15 9	8	Ogden, Utah Phoenix, Ariz	6		1	1	
Columbus, Ohio Dayton, Ohio	3	12	11	9	Pueblo, Colo	0	4	6 3	9	
Detroit, Mich	17	19	31	18	Salt Lake City, Utah		4	1	4	
Evansville, Ind			1	-	Tucson, Ariz	_		6	l i	
Flint, Mich	5	5	1	3				1	_	
Fort Wayne, Ind	4	1	1	2	PACIFIC:					
Gary, Ind	1	2	4	1	Berkeley, Calif	1	-	-	1	
Grand Rapids, Mich	3	4	1	2	Fresno, Calif	7	1	2	3	
Indianapolis, Ind	6 2	7 2	15	11	Glendale, Calif Honolulu, Hawaii	5	5	1	2	
Madison, Wis Milwaukee, Wis	5	4	10	10	Long Beach, Calif	3	12	6	4	
Peoria, Ill	2	1	4	3	Los Angeles, Calif	24	33	36	22	
Rockford, Ill	1	3	1		Oakland, Calif	5	3	6	21	
South Bend, Ind	-	1	2	1	Pasadena, Calif	2	1	3	1	
Toledo, Ohio	2	4	6	3	Portland, Oreg	7	4	9	8	
Youngstown, Ohio	1	3	3	1	Sacramento, Calif	3	6	6	3	
					San Diego, Calif	2	13	6	6	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL:	,		1	1	San Francisco, Calif	13	10	7	10	
Des Moines, Iowa	1	5	1	1 1*	San Jose, Calif Seattle, Wash	3	3 4	2	3	
Duluth, Minn Kansas City, Kans	2	4	3	6	Spokane, Wash	1 1	3	8	5	
Kansas City, Mo	3	6	5	9	Tacoma, Wash		3	2	5 2	
Lincoln, Nebr	-	1	7	1						
Minneapolis, Minn	8	10	11	12	San Juan, P.R	4	5	3	6	
Omaha, Nebr	4	6	7	9						
St. Louis, Mo	7	16	15	13 9	OCCUPANT Hook Mark -1/2	- 100 0	1			
St. Paul, Minn	5	5 2	7	4	OCurrent Week Mortality for	or 108 Se	rected Ci	ties		
Wichita, Kans	1	1 *			4(A) Total Mortality, all a	200		12 6		

^{*}Estimate - based on average percent of divisional total.

Totals for previous weeks include reported corrections.

NOTF: All deaths by place of occurrence.



Dengue-like Illness - Puerto Rico

For the week ended January 18, a total of 539 cases of dengue-like illness were reported to the Puerto Rico Department of Health. Of this total, 438 were delayed reports.

(Reported by Rafael Timothee, M.D., Director, Preventive Medical Services, Puerto Rico Department of Health.)

INTERNATIONAL NOTES – QUARANTINE MEASURES Smallnex – Peru

Peru has declared itself free of smallpox as of January 16.

Four confirmed cases of smallpox had been reported from Peru (See MMWR, Vol. 13, p. 20). They were the first smallpox cases reported in Peru since 1954.

All four victims were males, 24 to 40 years of age. Two acquired the disease in areas of the Department of Loreto (in Eastern Peru, near the Brazilian border), and 2 secondary cases were infected in a Lima hospital.

November 8 was the date of onset for the first case, from the District of Pucallpa, Province of Coronel Portillo, Loreto. The 2 secondary cases occurred in Lima, November 22 and December 18. The fourth case, diagnosed in another Lima hospital, became infected in Iquitos, Province of Maynas, with an onset date of December 19.

The diagnosis of these cases was confirmed by chick embryo culture.

(Reported in Weekly Epidemiological Report, Pan American Sanitary Bureau, Vol. 36, No. 3, January 15, 1964).

Editor's Note: This outbreak once again demonstrates the influence of the hospital in propagating smallpox. In most outbreaks occurring by importation into smallpox free areas, such as the epidemics in Great Britain (1961-62), Germany (1961-62), and Sweden (1963), hospital acquired cases have constituted about half the total.

In addition to the established procedures for reporting morbidity and mortality, the Communicable Disease Center welcomes accounts of interesting authreaks ar cases. Such accounts should be addressed to:

Lawrence K. Altmon, M.D., Editor Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report Cammunicable Disease Center Atlanta, Georgia 30333

Nates: These provisional data are bosed an weekly telegrams to the Cammuni cable Disease Center by the individual State health departments. Symbols: -- Data nat available

- Quantity zero
Procedures for construction of various martality curves may be obtained from
Statistics Section, Communicable Disease Center, Public Health Service,
U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Atlanta, Georgia 30333.



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Chief, Communicable Disease Center Chief, Epidemiology Branch

Chief, Statistics Section
Asst. Chief. Statistics Section

Chief, Surveillance Section Editor, MMWR James L. Goddard, M.D. A. D. Langmuir, M.D.

R. E. Serfling, Ph.D.
I. L. Shermon, M.S.

D. A. Henderson, M.D. L. K. Altmon, M.D. POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
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